## QUESTION

Given that $A$ and $B$ are independent events with $p(A)=0.5$ and $p(B)=0.3$, find the probability that one and only one of the events occurs.

ANSWER
$p(A)=0.5$, therefore $p(\operatorname{not} A)=1-0.5=0.5$
$p(B)=0.3$, therefore $p($ not $B)=0.7$
$p(1$ event $)=p((A$ and not $B)$ or $(B$ and not $A))=(0.5)(0.7)+(0.3)(0.5)=$ 0.5

