## QUESTION

Consider the points L = (1, 1, 1), M = (1, -1, 2) and N = (-1, 2, 3).

- (i) Write down the vectors  $\mathbf{u} = LM$  and  $\mathbf{v} = LN$  and find their lengths.
- (ii) Calculate the dot product  $\mathbf{u}.\mathbf{v}$  and the angle  $\theta$  between  $\mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{v}$ .
- (iii) Compute the cross product  $\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v}$  and use it to write down the vector equation of the plane  $\Pi_1$  containing the three point L, M, n. What is the equation of the plane in terms of x, y, z coordinates?
- (iv) Write down the vector equation of the plane  $\Pi_2$  parallel to  $\Pi_1$  and passing through the origin. Find the distance between the planes  $\Pi_1$  and  $\Pi_2$ .

## ANSWER

(i) 
$$\mathbf{u} = (0, -2, 1), \ |\mathbf{u}| = \sqrt{5} \ \mathbf{v} = (-2, 1, 2), \ |\mathbf{v}| = 3$$

(ii) 
$$\mathbf{u}.\mathbf{v} = 0$$
 so  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ 

(iii) 
$$\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{v} = (-5, -2, -4)$$
  
 $\Pi_1$  has equation  $(-5, -2, -4).(\mathbf{x} - (1, 1, 1)) = 0$  so  $5x + 2y + 4z = 11$ 

(iv) 
$$\Pi_2$$
 has equation v.  $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = 5x + 2y + 4z = 0$ 

Distance between the two planes  $=|r(\mathbf{u}\times\mathbf{v})|$  where (-5r, -2r, -4r) lies on  $\Pi_1$  so  $r=\frac{-11}{45}$  hence  $|r(\mathbf{u}\times\mathbf{v})|=\frac{11}{\sqrt{45}}$ .