

Question

By transforming co-ordinates reduce the following conics to standard form.
Sketch them with the original x-y axis

$$(i) \quad 194x^2 + 120xy + 313y^2 + 776x + 240y + 607 = 0$$

$$(ii) \quad 9x^2 + 6xy + y^2 = 4$$

$$(iii) \quad 54x^2 - 144xy + 96y^2 + 15y + 20x = 0$$

$$(iv) \quad x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y + 9 = 0$$

Answer

(i)

$$194x^2 + 120xy + 313y^2 + 776x + 240y + 607 = 0$$

$$B^2 - 4AC = 120^2 - 4 \cdot 194 \cdot 194 \cdot 313 < 0 \text{ Elliptical type.}$$

Let $x = \xi + h$ and $y = \eta + k$

The equation becomes

$$194(\xi+h)^2 + 120(\xi+h)(\eta+k) + 313(\eta+k)^2 + 776(\xi+h) + 240(\eta+k) + 607 = 0$$

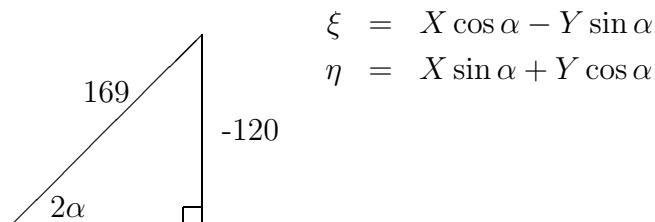
Choose h and k so that the linear terms in ξ and η vanish.

$$\begin{aligned} \xi : \quad 338h + 120k + 776 &= 0 \\ \eta : \quad 120h + 626k + 240 &= 0 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow k = 0, h = -2$$

The equation becomes

$$194\xi^2 + 120\xi\eta + 313\eta^2 - 169 = 0$$

Now rotate the axis through an angle alpha.



Then the equation becomes:

$$\begin{aligned} & X^2(194 \cos^2 \alpha + 120 \cos \alpha \sin \alpha + 313 \sin^2 \alpha) \\ & + Y^2(194 \cos^2 \alpha - 120 \cos \alpha \sin \alpha + 313 \sin^2 \alpha) \\ & + XY(120(\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha) + 238 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha) - 169 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Choose α so that the coefficient of $XY = 0$

$$\text{i.e. } 199 \sin 2\alpha = -120 \cos 2\alpha \Rightarrow \sin 2\alpha = -\frac{120}{199} \cos 2\alpha = \frac{119}{199}$$

The the equation becomes

$$X^2 + 2Y^2 = 1$$

PICTURE

(ii)

$$9x^2 + 6xy + y^2 = 4$$

$B^2 - 4AC = 0$ Therefore we have a parabolic Type.

So rotate through angle α .

$$\begin{aligned} x &= X \cos \alpha - Y \sin \alpha \\ y &= X \sin \alpha + Y \cos \alpha \end{aligned}$$

The equation becomes

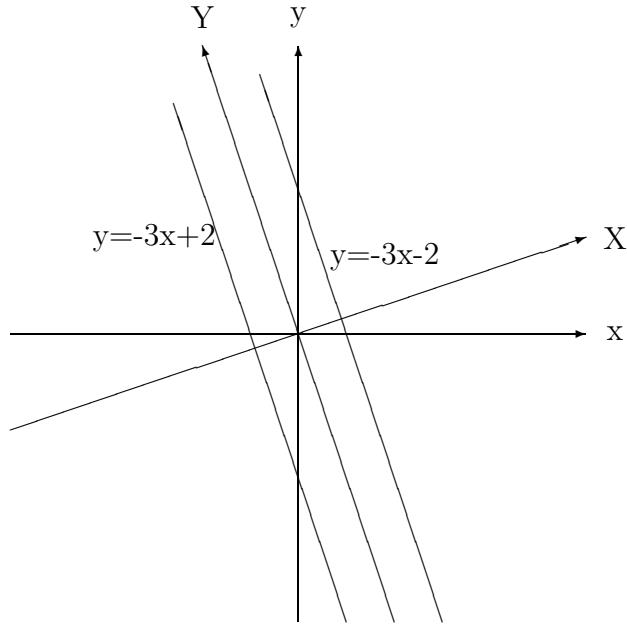
$$\begin{aligned} & X^2(9 \cos^2 \alpha + 6 \cos \alpha \sin \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha) \\ & + Y^2(9 \sin^2 \alpha - 6 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha) \\ & + XY(6 \cos 2\alpha - 8 \sin 2\alpha) = 4 \end{aligned}$$

Choose α such that $\sin 2\alpha = \frac{6}{10}$, $\cos 2\alpha = \frac{8}{10}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{So } \cos^2 \alpha &= \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2\alpha) = \frac{9}{10} \\ \sin^2 \alpha &= \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2\alpha) = \frac{1}{10} \end{aligned}$$

Then the equation becomes

$$5X^2 = 2 \text{ Parallel lines.}$$



(iii)

$$54x^2 - 144xy + 96y^2 + 15y + 20x = 0$$

$$B^2 - 4AC = 0 \text{ Parabolic type.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= X \cos \alpha - Y \sin \alpha \\ y &= X \sin \alpha + Y \cos \alpha \end{aligned}$$

We find that we need $7 \sin 2\alpha = 24 \cos 2\alpha$

$$\sin 2\alpha = \frac{24}{25}, \quad \cos 2\alpha = \frac{7}{25}$$

$$\text{So } \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2\alpha) = \frac{16}{25} \quad \cos \alpha = \frac{4}{5}, \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{3}{5}$$

The equation becomes

$$X + 6Y^2 = 0 \Rightarrow y^2 = -\frac{X}{6}$$

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(iv)

$$x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y + 9 = 0$$

$$(x - 1)^2 + (y + 2)^2 + 4 = 0$$

No real locus