Question

Show that if all the elements of one column of a 3×3 determinant are multiplied by a constant k, then the value of the determinant is multiplied by k. Give a geometrical interpretation in terms of volumes.

Answer

Let my determinant be \triangle where

$$\triangle = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & c_1 \\ a_2 & b_2 & c_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= a_1 \begin{vmatrix} b_2 & c_2 \\ b_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} - b_1 \begin{vmatrix} a_2 & c_2 \\ a_3 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} + c_1 \begin{vmatrix} a_2 & b_2 \\ a_3 & b_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

Now multiply 1st row by k

$$\Delta_{1} = \begin{vmatrix} ka_{1} & kb_{1} & kc_{1} \\ a_{2} & b_{2} & c_{2} \\ a_{3} & b_{3} & c_{3} \end{vmatrix}
= ka_{1} \begin{vmatrix} b_{2} & c_{2} \\ b_{3} & c_{3} \end{vmatrix} - kb_{1} \begin{vmatrix} a_{2} & c_{2} \\ a_{3} & c_{3} \end{vmatrix} + kc_{1} \begin{vmatrix} a_{2} & b_{2} \\ a_{3} & b_{3} \end{vmatrix}
= k \left\{ a_{1} \begin{vmatrix} b_{2} & c_{2} \\ b_{3} & c_{3} \end{vmatrix} - b_{1} \begin{vmatrix} a_{2} & c_{2} \\ a_{3} & c_{3} \end{vmatrix} + c_{1} \begin{vmatrix} a_{2} & b_{2} \\ a_{3} & b_{3} \end{vmatrix} \right\}
= k \Delta \text{ as required}$$